

MOLINEUX AND FATHER ESTRANGED

Young Woman Has Left Home of Father-in-Law and Hasn't Seen Husband for Months.

HE CEASED TO WRITE HER.

One More Juror Chosen and Trial Goes Over Till Monday, but Justice Hears Arguments Admitting Barnett Letters.

NEW JUROR TO-DAY.
No. 11—John L. Redner, hotel-keeper, Eleventh avenue and Forty-second street.



JOHN L. REDNER.

Mrs. Roland B. Molineux is no longer at the home of her father-in-law, Gen. Molineux, in Brooklyn.

The general told a friend he did not know where she had gone, but when seen by an Evening World reporter to-day he asked to be excused from speaking about her.

Rumors of an estrangement have been in circulation for some time. A week ago Gen. Molineux was asked if his son's wife was still loyal to him. The father hesitated before replying. Then he said: "I think she is. She is in our home in Brooklyn."

Further than that he would not discuss the matter.

Mrs. E. L. Molineux, the prisoner's mother, has been almost a daily visitor at the Tombs, but Mrs. Blanche Molineux has not been in the prison for many months. Warden de Braza took charge of the Tombs in June. He said to-day that young Mrs. Molineux had not visited the prison since he took charge. A deputy sheriff who has seen much of Molineux said the prisoner had spoken of his wife only once, and that was not affectionately. This deputy said that Molineux wrote several letters to his wife early last spring, but received no reply. Then he ceased writing.

One of the District-Attorney's assistants said to-day:

"Young Mrs. Molineux is not now in the city. I will not say that we know where she is, but I will say we know that she and the prisoner are estranged, that she has not been in communication with him for eight or nine months, and that she is comparatively comfortable and happy."

MOLINEUX CASE GOES OVER; NEED ONE JUROR.

With one more juror added to the list, leaving one yet to be chosen, Justice Lambert this afternoon adjourned the Molineux trial until Monday morning. The entire morning was spent before the court by the defense and the prosecution. A hundred talesmen were examined and excused.

There were no more talesmen present and the noon recess was taken. When court recommenced at 2 o'clock no new candidates for jury duty had arrived, and an adjournment was taken until 10:30 o'clock Monday morning.

A special panel—the third—has been called for that time.

No reference was made in court to the charge of Edward M. Gallagher, of No. 92 St. Nicholas avenue, against Edwin H. Loveless, juror No. 4. Gallagher said Loveless had declared during the first trial he would vote to convict the prisoner. This was denied by the juror.

Juror Loveless took his seat with the other Molineux jurors at the opening of court. Counsel for the defense announced that no attention would be paid to the matter.

"It is similar to the matter between neighbors," said Mr. Weeks, "and we shall not accept the unsupportable word of the man Ed Loveless. We are not going to say he had expressed no opinion and that he was free to give an opinion and a verdict. We believe him. Nothing will be done in the case. We consider the matter closed."

After the formal adjournment, in which the jury was dismissed, Justice Lambert listened to the arguments concerning the admissibility of the nine "Barnett" letters as evidence. These letters are presumed by the prosecution to have been written by Molineux under the name of Barnett, and by them they expect to prove Molineux's connection with the letter-box in Twenty-third street. It was agreed that this point should be settled before the taking of evidence was begun. Ex-Gov. Black, for the defense, argued against the admissibility of the letters, citing the decision of the Court of Appeals which reversed the conviction of Molineux.

Assistant District Attorney Osborne argued that if the Barnett letters were barred the case would be a mere technicality. He said the ruling of the Court of Appeals that the mention of the death of Barnett should not have been mentioned did not mean that the Barnett letters should be excluded.

Judge Lambert will give his decision on Monday.

MRS. BLANCHE MOLINEUX AND FATHER OF HUSBAND FROM WHOM SHE IS NOW REPORTED TO BE ESTRANGED.



NEW BUDGET ITEMS KNOWN.

The Last of the Departments and Bureaus of the Greater City Government Present Their Needs for 1903.

MONEY FOR BIG LIBRARIES.

The hearings on the 1903 budget concluded with to-day's session of the Board of Estimates. The list of the departments included the Mayor's office, Department of Finance, Armory Board, Libraries, Tenement-House Commission, rents, State taxes, bonded indebtedness and miscellaneous items not included in departmental estimates and all other public offices.

Increases Demanded.

The New York public libraries asked for an increase of \$20,000 next year. John A. Cadwalader stated that while New York libraries only received \$101,000 and Brooklyn \$150,000, the former had a circulation of 2,000,000 volumes to the latter's 1,000,000.

Ex-Mayor Boody, of Brooklyn, represented the Brooklyn libraries. He asked for \$20,000, an increase of \$11,974. Of this amount \$30,997 was for increase in salaries.

Prof. Leipsiger, for the Agular Library, wanted an increase of \$17,000. An increase of 100,000 volumes was noted during the year, making a total circulation of 800,000 volumes.

As the estimates of the smaller libraries were considered, Comptroller Grout asked their representatives if in the event that the Carnegie libraries were located in the vicinity of their they would favor consolidation, and they all replied that there was little doubt that consolidation would be advocated and effected.

The Mayor's Question.

The question of consolidation was again brought up by a representative from the Harlem Library, which caused the Mayor to ask Mr. Cadwalader:

"What is your opinion of Mr. Leipsiger's suggestion that I appoint a committee to confer on consolidation?"

Mr. Cadwalader believed that a committee was not necessary.

"Mr. Leipsiger knows more about the libraries than any committee could possibly appoint. He and I could settle the matter in ten minutes," Mr. Cadwalader added.

"Will you allow me to make that suggestion?" the Mayor asked.

"If the President settles the coal strike and we settle the library problem there will be nothing left to worry us."

DIG SUM ASKED FOR WOMAN'S JAIL.

President Swanstrom Urges Mayor Low to Help in Replacing Raymond Street Horror.

J. Edward Swanstrom, president of the Borough of Brooklyn, has addressed a letter to Mayor Low, asking him to use his influence in behalf of an appropriation of \$40,000 for the erection of a woman's prison to take the place of the present structure, part of the Raymond street jail.

The letter points out the intolerable condition of the jail and its inadequacy for the purposes for which it is intended. President Swanstrom wants a modern structure at the corner of Raymond and Willoughby streets. He further suggests the urgent need of a new county building for Kings County.

The women's prison of the Raymond Street Jail has been condemned for ten years, and one grand jury after another has recommended its removal to make room for a modern building. It was built sixty years ago. The sanitary conditions are of the poorest, and youthful offenders and innocent suspects cannot be separated from the most hardened criminals. The Sheriff lately ordered that all women prisoners be kept in the Penitentiary, so filthy is the Raymond Street Prison.

Postal Clerks' Bill.

The clerks of the New York Post-Office and its branches, which is known officially as Branch No. 1, of the United National Association of Post-Office Clerks, will hold their annual entertainment and ball in Terrace Garden to-night.

WIFE TRAPS HER HUSBAND.

Mrs. Elliott, Abandoned by Her Life Companion, Uses Ladder and Axe to Get Into His Hiding Place.

HE IS HELD IN COURT.

A wife's determination to capture the husband who had deserted her, her search for the policeman who had the warrant issued for his arrest, and the use of ladder and axe in the final assault upon the recalcitrant spouse's place of hiding formed the elements of a story disclosed to-day in the Myrtle Avenue Court, Brooklyn.

Frederick Elliott, 34, an employee in the office of an ice company in Manhattan, was arraigned on the charge of abandonment before Magistrate Dooley. He presented an appearance as of one who had suffered deep and recent grief. His attire also was disordered.

The Wife's Story.

Mrs. Elliott appeared against her husband. Mrs. Elliott left her in the summer. She had him arrested in August and he was placed under bonds by Magistrate Nauman to pay his wife \$1 a week. Unable to furnish security, he was sent to the Kings County Penitentiary. He was kept in duress some days, when friends came to his aid and secured his release.

Mrs. Elliott meanwhile heard nothing of her husband, nor did she benefit by the weekly stipend. It was not forthcoming. But she was sure of her prey and her search for him never ceased.

As the wife and her sister walked in President street last week, they saw Mr. Elliott. He saw them also and hurriedly entered No. 639, where lives Mrs. Alice Hart. The wife summoned a policeman, but he could not gain admittance.

Mrs. Elliott acted decisively. She hurried to Manhattan, to the City Hall police station, found Patrolman Wise, who had the warrant, and rushed back to Brooklyn with him.

Again admittance was denied. Then Mrs. Elliott suggested ladder and axe. By this time it was 1 A. M., but the door was obtained. The door was forced and Mr. Elliott was found lying secreted under a bed.

Magistrate Dooley held him in bonds of \$500 to provide for his determined wife.

BULL BUTTS HIS OWNER.

GREENWICH, Conn., Oct. 17.—Theodore Close, a wealthy farmer of Round Hill, had a fight Wednesday with a bull. The bull butted Mr. Close with its head, knocking him down and rolling him on the ground. The bull then turned on the farmer, who was badly injured. Close's employee, who was nearby, tried to help, but the bull's spine is injured, but it is thought he will recover.

BURNING WOMAN SAVES HUSBAND.

Covered with Blazing Oil, Mrs. Fier Heroically Rescues Man, Forgetting Her Own Danger

A brave woman in Brooklyn forgot her own danger in an effort to save her husband when the clothing of both was ignited by the explosion of a lamp early to-day. Frantic with pain, Mrs. James Fier, No. 174a Eighth street, made heroic attempts to smother the flames that enveloped her husband, while the blaze of her own clothing crept closer and closer to her head.

The six children of the family, awakened by the commotion, stood trembling with fear, commanded by their mother to keep in a place of safety, until neighbors rushed in and smothered the flames. The man, who was badly injured, was taken to the hospital. The woman is in great pain from severe burns.

Fier arose early and was reading the morning paper by the kitchen table when the lamp exploded and covered both with flames. Fier was carried to the hospital. The man is unconscious and so badly burned that it is expected he will lose his sight, while his wife is in great pain from severe burns.

ARREST FOR A LAWYER.

Grave Charge Made Against Francis E. Nekarda.

Francis E. Nekarda, a lawyer, was arrested this afternoon by Roundsman Walsh in his offices at No. 330 Broadway for an alleged violation of the relationship of attorney and client. He is accused of misappropriating \$300 belonging to a client.

The warrant was issued by Justice Mayer, of the Court of Special Sessions. Nekarda was held in default of \$1,000 bail. He is the senior member of the law firm of Nekarda & Jones.

Capital seeking safe investment finds it through Sunday World Wants.



LONG TERM FOR JAIL-BREAKER. BARRING BAND BLEW UP SAFE.

Burglar Menet Proves His Nerve When Sentenced to Sing Sing for Twenty Years on Two Counts.

PARTNER GOES WITH HIM. WOMAN ASLEEP OVERHEAD.

Ernest Menet, the leader of the band of burglars, who was caught while preparing to make a second attempt to break out of the Queens County jail, was sentenced to twenty years and four months in Sing Sing to-day.

The prisoner was surrounded by six deputy sheriffs who brought before Judge Harrison S. Moore in Long Island City.

He was not handcuffed, but the guards kept a close watch upon him lest he should make an attempt to break away. Menet, whose boast it was that he could escape from any jail in forty-eight hours, was carefully dressed and tried to appear cool and composed, but betrayed his nervousness by a continual snapping of his fingers.

Judge Moore made short work of Menet's case, simply imposing sentence without any preliminary remarks. The Court said:

"Menet, the sentence of the Court is that you be confined in Sing Sing Prison at hard labor for twenty years and four months on your conviction for burglary, and three years and five months for attempting to break jail."

Not a muscle of the burglar's face moved when he heard the heavy sentence pronounced, and he merely turned away quietly and was led back to his cell by the guard of deputies.

Harry Claiborne, alias Joseph Haas, the next most important member of the gang, was next arraigned.

In pronouncing sentence Judge Moore said:

"Claiborne, you are a man of intelligence and might have been a credit to society, but you chose an evil course and now must suffer the penalty. The sentence of the Court is that you be confined in Sing Sing Prison at hard labor for twenty years and four months."

The prisoners who had assisted in preventing the jail-breaking were let off with light sentences in recognition of their aid to the Sheriff.

BEATEN THEN ROBBED BY THUGS.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 17.—Frank Ellis, of No. 17 Burnett place, South Boston, who is in St. Barnabas's Hospital, this city, suffering from an attack by a highwayman to-day. After being beaten he was robbed of \$100.

Ellis was on a Pennsylvania freight train with a companion, Frank Gibbons, who was also in St. Barnabas's Hospital. When the train reached the Newark station, the two men were held up by three men.

One of them drew a blackjack and struck Ellis on the head with it. Gibbons escaped, and the thugs, after rifling Ellis's pockets, fled.

Gibbons then returned and had his companion brought to this city, where he was taken to the hospital.

MRS. H. C. MINER'S HOUSE.

Mrs. Henry C. Miner, who was Annie O'Neil, the actress, leased yesterday the four-story brownstone dwelling No. 13 Madison avenue. The lot is 30x100, adjoining the northwest corner at Sixty-third street. The house was leased for a term of years by Benwick C. Herry for the owner, C. C. Goodwin. Mrs. Miner sold her Riverside Drive residence a year ago.

PRIESTESS OF YOGA A SUICIDE.

Miss Ida Craddock, the Leader of a Peculiar Religious Sect, Kills Herself Rather Than Go to Prison.

PERSECUTED FOR BELIEF.

Inhales Gas in Room After Leaving a Long and Remarkable Letter Addressed to Mother in Philadelphia.

Miss Ida C. Craddock, high priestess and pastor of the Church of the Yoga in Chicago, and missionary of her peculiar philosophy in this city, killed herself by taking illuminating gas last night at her home No. 134 West Twenty-third street. She had cut her left arm with a razor before turning on the gas.

She also severed a vein in her left arm with a razor and held her arm over a pall, but the blood might drip into it, instead of on the floor. She is supposed to have turned on the gas first and used the razor to make doubly sure of the end.

Her body was found in her room this morning. She suicide was undoubtedly caused by the persecutions which she has suffered for circulating books and pamphlets in the propaganda of her remarkable tenets.

They were so bold that not only Anthony Comstock but the United States authorities had her arrested. She served three months in Blackwell's Island for circulating a book called "The Wedding Night," having been convicted last March, and she was to have appeared in the United States Court before Judge Thomas this morning for sentence under a conviction for sending obscene matter through the mails.

Miss Craddock's home was originally in Denver. She first came into public prominence during the World's Fair by her defense of the dance du ventre. She solemnly maintained that the dance was a most sacred religious performance and held that only those of four mind could possibly see it in its fullness.

She wrote and lectured on the subject and some of the things she said were so bad that riots were almost raised among her auditors. Phallic worship was to her a pure religion, and she did not hesitate to say so.

Driven Out of Chicago.

As a result of her writings in Chicago she was sentenced to three months in the penitentiary, but sentence was suspended and she left there for New York. She had several conflicts with Anthony Comstock, but she managed to keep out of prison until she published her book "The Wedding Night."

This was so broad that the Court of Special Sessions last March the Justices did not hesitate to convict her. She was defended by Hugh O. Pentecost, and both Dr. William S. Rainford and William T. Stead, the great English editor, endorsed her. She got part, but this did not save her. She was three months in prison.

They forced a window and then fastened the doors leading to the living apartments above so that they could not be opened by any one coming down the stairs.

The front of the safe was blown off with nitro-glycerine. The burglars secured \$200 in cash and stamps and then made their escape.

The only person living over the post-office is a woman. She says she was awakened by a noise that sounded like two freight cars smashing together. A freight train was drizzling near the post-office and she thought that two cars had bumped together harder than usual.

The burglar was not discovered until long after midnight. The Postmaster William Conover, went to the office this morning. The Postmaster is in Maine on his vacation and Mrs. Conover has been attending to his duty in his absence.

Post-Office Inspector W. J. McFarly says he believes the burglars were robbers. He says that the robbers were seen by a man who was in the New Jersey post-office last year. The Spring Lake post-office was robbed by three men.

Most of the post-offices are close to the railroad. The Inspector says that it is a common practice for the crackmen to seize the opportunity when cars are being drilled at night or in the early morning to do their work.

LEFT LONG LETTER TO HER MOTHER.

The Coroner gave out a long typewritten letter this afternoon, which was left by Miss Craddock and addressed to her mother. It was the length of a newspaper column, and begged forgiveness for her act.

Miss Craddock spoke of her persecutions and said others would follow to spread the propaganda of her sect. She asked her mother not to permit her burial until decomposition had set in, to guard against burial alive.

She was found there by her daughter, Mrs. William Davies, about 2 o'clock. She had missed him and going to look for him was shocked to see him swinging above her head. She called her husband but the old man came down. He had been dead some time.

Lyman had only one leg. He had been in the light house for eleven years. A few months ago he was taken sick and his son-in-law took his place while he lay in the Marine Hospital. He recently came out and was waiting to be retired to Sailors Snug Harbor. It was supposed that illness turned his mind.

Lyman leaves a widow, who lives at No. 70 Bay street, Stapleton, S. I.

ORDERED TO TAKE HIS PLACE.

Commissioner Partridge Says He Finds No Foundation for the Reports Connecting the Inspector's Name with Protection of Gamblers

Police Inspector John J. Harley was notified from the Police Department this afternoon by Commissioner Partridge at the Inspector's request.

The announcement caused a great deal of consternation at Police Headquarters in view of the prominent coupling of the Inspector's name with gambling proceedings recently. Inspector Harley was transferred from the Fourth or Tenderloin Inspection District last after the Craft murder in the Empire Garden when the wealthy Long Islander was beheaded for the sake of a few dollars.

Commissioner Partridge sent Harley to the First or Old Slip District, and announced that he would fully investigate the Inspector's management of the Tenderloin. Capt. Sheehan, who was in command of the Tenderloin station at the time, was also transferred.

Col. Partridge's Words.

In announcing the retirement of the Inspector, Col. Partridge said:

"In reference to the matter of Inspector Harley's retirement, I can say that I have been looking diligently to ascertain whether the Inspector has been in collusion with gamblers or others in permitting gambling or other forms of vice in the district. I have endeavored to find any evidence implicating the Inspector."

"The Inspector has spoken to me several times since I have been Commissioner about retiring, intimating that the time was not far distant when he would like to leave the service. This morning he made formal tender of his application for retirement, which I have accepted."

Ex-Inspector's Record.

Inspector Harley was appointed to the police force on March 22, 1871. He was a roundman on April 19, 1876; Sergeant on July 7, 1887; Captain on Sept. 17, 1896, and Inspector on Oct. 13, 1897.

"I leave the service without an enemy," said the Inspector to reporters after his retirement was announced, "and I leave it with pure hands."

"I am sure that Commissioner Partridge is satisfied with my conduct in office and I have asked District-Attorney Jerome to go over my record of duty."

"The raids that took place this week, after my retirement, were not mine. I have no part in them. I am glad to be out of the service."

When Transfer Came.

Affairs had grown so bad and vice was flourishing so flagrantly as recently as last month in the Tenderloin, while the new Inspector, Commissioner Partridge, had been in the office, that the Commissioner and Capt. Sheehan had decided to transfer the Tenderloin to the First District. The transfer was made on Oct. 13.

To Name a Successor.

Commissioner Partridge said late to-day that there is no eligible list of captains from which an inspector may be appointed at this time, but that he would have such a list prepared at once.

Ex-Inspector Harley left the Headquarters building soon after. He was in a huff, and he said that while I was in charge of the district."

Grant in His Place.

Inspector John H. Grant, of the Sixth Inspection District, was notified that he had been transferred to the First District to take the place of Harley. The Commissioner said that Grant had nothing to say about the change, and when asked what he was going to do in his new place, he replied:

"I don't think that any one will be sent to the First District. I am sure that the Sixth District is almost identical with the First. I will do my best to do the best I can. There is nothing remarkable about this change. It's only a scratch of the pen."

CREEDEN CANNOT FACE TRIAL, SURGEONS SAY.

The trial of Capt. Timothy J. Creeden, of the East Eighty-eighth street station, on charges that he allowed pickpockets to exist in his precinct was to have gone on to-day, but it was indefinitely adjourned because of the captain's grave physical condition.

The captain was also to have been at Headquarters as the last witness for the defense in the case of his wardman, John H. Downes, who is accused of having aided and abetted pool-rooms.

Dr. Stephen G. Cook, President of the Board of Police Surgeons, and Drs. Nammack and McGovern, Police Surgeons, were called to the stand by the Commissioner when Downes's case was called.

Dr. Cook said that Capt. Creeden was suffering from degeneration of the heart muscles and hardening of the arteries. If the captain were to stand on the stand to-day, he said, it would mean in all probability a quick death.

The defense attorneys' case asked for one more adjournment. The Commissioner consented that the case should be adjourned until next Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

PIPER'S EYE ON BROADWAY.

Orders Police to Round Up Pickpockets and Bunch Steerers.

Deputy Police Commissioner Piper has ordered the Central Office detectives to clean Broadway of the pickpockets, bunch and confidence men who have made it their headquarters for the past year.

"Chapple" Lewis, who gave No. 238 West Fifty-ninth street as his home; Martin Joyce, William Wallace, Oliver Hamilton, Joe Daly, John Kane and William Boyle were taken to Police Headquarters charged with being suspicious persons.

HARLEY OFF POLICE FORCE.

Inspector Who Was Transferred After Capt. Craft Was Beheaded in Empire Dive Retired at His Own Request.

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